## EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT



ENGLISH EDITION

14 March 1995

B4-0479/95

## MOTION FOR A RESOLUTION

pursuant to Rule 37(2) of the Rules of Procedure

by Mr Langer and Mrs Aelvoet

on behalf of the Green Group in the European Parliament

on the situation in Croatia

DOC EN\RE\269\269546

PE 189.035 Or. it

- Consultation procedure
- simple majority
- \*I Cooperation procedure (first reading)

DE

simple majority

DA

- \*\*II Cooperation procedure (second reading)
  simple majority to approve the common position
  majority of Parliament's component Members to reject or amend the common position
- Assent procedure
  majority of Parliament's component Members to give assent
  but simple majority under Articles 8a, 105, 106, 130d and 228 EC

- Codecision procedure (first reading)
- simple majority
- \*\*\*II Codecision procedure (second reading)
  simple majority to approve the common position
  majority of Parliament's component Members to adopt a declaration of intended
  rejection of the common position, and amend the common position or confirm its rejection
- \*\*\*III Codecision procedure (third reading) simple majority to approve the joint text majority of Parliament's component Members to reject the Council text

## The European Parliament,

- A. whereas the UNPROFOR forces in the occupied area of Croatia have so far managed to quell the armed conflict but have also contributed more towards perpetuating an unjust situation than re-establishing a just peace, and whereas the UN mandate set out in Resolution 743 of 21 February 1992 has therefore not been respected and, in particular, the refugees have not returned to their homes and 'ethnic cleansing' has not been reversed,
- B. alarmed at the recent statement by Franjo Tudjman, the President of Croatia, that he would be calling for the withdrawal of the UN's UNPASS forces from Croatia, since this withdrawal would very likely mean a resumption of hostilities on a very large scale,
- C. notified of the contacts that have taken place between Commissioner van den Broek and the Croatian Foreign Minister, Mate Granic, to discuss this matter, and displeased that the United States has apparently been able to make progress in an area in which the European Union had reached a deadlock,
- D. subscribing to the position of the Council and the Commission that the UN's mandate in Croatia must be maintained and, possibly, renewed, and that relations between the European Union and Croatia should be made dependent on the adoption of this position,
- E. convinced that a lasting and just solution to the conflicts in the territory of the former Yugoslavia cannot be achieved by force and that any military escalation must therefore be averted,
- F. insisting that there must be recognition of territorial gains and that a new UN mandate must not in any way prejudice this matter,
- 1. Notes with satisfaction that the Croatian Government has modified its stance and has accepted a renewal of the UN mandate;
- 2. Emphasizes that the contents and duration of the renewed mandate for the UN forces, and the composition of these forces, must reflect the objectives to be tackled;
- Notes that the UN will have to guarantee a sufficient military presence in the occupied territories of Croatia, Bosnia-Herzegovina and Macedonia to help create the conditions for the adoption of political solutions by taking preventive action;
- 4. Calls on the Council, the governments of the Member States and the United Nations to work towards a resumption of negotiations to achieve a peaceful solution which rules out the territorial division of, and ethnic cleansing in, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia and all the other territories of the former Yugoslavia;
- 5. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council, the Commission, the UN Secretary-General and the Croatian Government.